

Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as second-class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

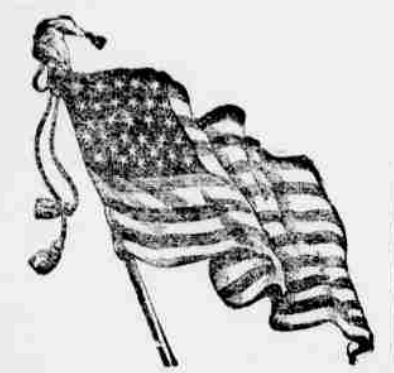
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily, per week, by carrier, \$2.50
Daily, per month, by mail, \$7.50
Daily, three months, by mail, \$22.50
Daily, six months, by mail, \$42.50
Daily, one year, by mail, \$77.50
Weekly, per month, by mail, \$1.00
Weekly, per quarter, by mail, \$2.50
Weekly, per six months, by mail, \$4.50
Weekly, per year, by mail, \$8.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars a line, single column, per month in full. One dollar a line, single column, in either English or Spanish weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23.



Hon. Pedro Perea, Republican Candidate for Congress.

Hon. Pedro Perea, the Republican candidate for delegate to congress, was born in Bernillo county in 1852. His ancestors coming from Spain to New Mexico with Diego de Vargas in 1683. He received his education in St. Louis university, and finishing his school days in the Georgetown college, District of Columbia.

On reaching manhood he engaged in farming, sheep raising and fruit growing, in which he has been successful to a flattering degree. Since 1884 he has taken great interest in political affairs, and in 1888 was elected to represent Bernillo county in the legislative council, and has been a member of that body three times since, in 1889, 1891 and 1895. During his service as a legislator he accomplished much legislation of benefit to the territory and the taxpayers. In the past 14 years, even when not a member of the legislature, he has kept a close watch upon the proceedings of that body and has used his influence at all times for economy, the advancement of education and the upbuilding of New Mexico. His record as a public man is one that he may well be proud of, and one that has been of great advantage to the people.

In 1898, when the Santa Fe road began building through the territory from Santa Fe, he did everything in his power to aid that enterprise and was instrumental in securing a large amount of funds for the work. In every matter of public interest he has espoused the side which to him appeared right, and no influence that could be brought to bear on him has been able to make him forsake that which he considered his duty to the people.

Politically, Mr. Perea is an uncompromising Republican, broad minded, careful and earnest in his desire to see New Mexico take her place in the front rank of the sisterhood of states, to which place she rightfully belongs. On public affairs he is well informed and fully abreast with the times. In his private life there has never been a breath of suspicion of unfair dealing or dishonest methods. Upright in all matters pertaining to business affairs he has gained the respect of every man in the territory, and even his bitterest enemy cannot point the finger of scorn at him for any misdeeds. His record proves that he is to be trusted in any position in which he may be placed, and that the interests of the people of the territory are safe in his hands.

His practical knowledge of conditions in New Mexico, the needs of the people, and the requirements of the times to make a great country of a territory which is filled with everything needed to constitute an empire within itself, fits him pre-eminently for the office to which he aspires. A man of the people, a native of New Mexico, a man of progress and caution, a man of rugged honesty, a true friend, a sturdy defender of the rights of others; such are the traits of Hon. Pedro Perea, and no better qualities are to be found in a candidate for office.

If elected, and all indications now point to that result, Mr. Perea will make a delegate who will be a credit to the voters who cast their ballots for him; a delegate who will do much toward securing for the territory much needed legislation and changes in present conditions. As a protectionist, he will look after the interests of the sheep and cattle industries, the protection of the miners and the welfare of the farm-

ers and ranchmen. The Republican party made no mistake in nominating him, and the voters will better the standing of the territory in every respect in the eyes of the whole country by electing him.

Pedro Perea and prosperity is the watch word of the Republicans of New Mexico this year, and the result is not in doubt. During the 56th session of congress the territory will have a true representative at the nation's capital in the person of Mr. Perea.

Rio Arriba and Taos counties are good for 600 majority for the Republican ticket. Good enough!

Lincoln county's political condition looks mighty blue for our friends, the enemy. Good enough!

Donna Ana county will roll up on November the 8th a heavy Republican majority. Good enough again!

Mr. Perea is fighting the battle of the Republican party in New Mexico this campaign. And he is doing it well.

Hon. T. D. Burns has been nominated for the council by the Republicans of the 3d congressional district. Splendid nomination! Could not be improved. Mr. Burns is sure of election.

The Union party gang of officials and ex-officials and county warrant speculators claims to be sure of success during the coming election in San Miguel county. Watch out for election frauds.

Our more or less esteemed Democratic contemporaries are finding that the race issue they have raised is proving poor policy. But then they have made their own beds. The matter is no concern to the Republicans.

The most ardent Democrats are forced to admit that Mr. Perea will be the next delegate to congress from the territory. The way the people are flocking to him is an astonishment to the leaders of the Democratic party, and an indication of which way the voters will cast their ballots next month.

The nomination of Hon. Malaquias Martinez for the council from the 3d district was wise, proper and timely. He has made a very good record as a member of the house and will make another such a record as a member of the council. He will be elected.

The course of the New Mexican is displeasing to some Democratic papers in the territory. The New Mexican's stand for honesty and economy in the management of the territorial and county finances does not please them. Strange, but true.

The Roswell Register is doing excellent work for the Republican ticket in Chaves county. That section needed a good, well edited and clean Republican paper very much, and this was now being filled by the Register. Success to it.

Every vote cast on November 8 will prosper to New Mexico's industries and hard times, low prices and business stagnation. The Republican party and candidates stand for the former, the Democratic party and candidates for the latter.

The subsidized Democratic press is keeping the rare atmosphere of the territory just lurid with undeserved and unclean abuse of the Republican candidate for delegate to congress. The Republican papers are making a clean, if vigorous, campaign. Election day will show which is the best policy.

Our friends, the enemy, did not expect this to be a lively campaign; they expected it all their own way and easy success. But the Republicans are making this quite a campaign and our friends, the enemy, are finding much truth in "There is many a slip between the cup and the lip."

Every Republican legislative assembly in this territory has enacted legislation beneficial to the people and in advancing the material and educational interests of the territory. Hence every voter at the coming election should vote for Republican candidates for the legislative assembly. By their works you shall know them.

From the newspaper organs of Mr. Ferguson, the people of this territory are receiving considerable new information (important if true) as to how Mr. Ferguson passed the Dingley tariff law in congress and compelled the president to approve the same and thus give protection to New Mexico sheep, wool and cattle interests, although Mr. Ferguson is a free trade Democrat and has no vote in congress.

Mr. Ferguson, the Democratic candidate for delegate to congress, has good reason to offer the prayer, "From our friends, good Lord, deliver us." By the ridiculous claims made by the Democratic press of the territory, Mr. Ferguson is either at a variance with his party on the tariff question or is selling under false colors. From the many assertions made by the gentleman that he is a Democrat, it is safe to believe that the latter is the case.

Under the laws of the United States a man can vote just as he pleases, but duty to self and country requires that he vote for the best interests of himself and his fellow men. The past records of the parties now before the people are sufficient to determine the question. For nearly 40 years the Republican party has stood for all that has been for the advancement and development of the country, and the disastrous results coming from any change in the administration of public affairs to any other party are too well known to be mentioned in detail.

The Democratic leaders at Washington are settling down to old and well tried tactics of that party, that of claiming everything in sight just before election. This is done for the purpose of influencing what is known as the "floating vote," which, as a rule, endeavors to be on the winning side. The fact of the matter is that the Democrats realize they must make a showing at the coming election much better than was made two years ago, or there will be but little hopes of accomplishing anything against the Republicans and protection to home industries in 1900.

In voting on November 8 the voters should remember that every vote cast for Democratic candidates is equivalent to saying that 65 cent lambs and 55 yearling steers are better for the people than \$2 lambs and \$18 yearlings.

Mr. Ferguson's Pretorian guards are not feeling as sanguine of success as they did three weeks ago. And this feeling will increase as election day approaches. The indications point strongly to the defeat of their commander.

Hon. Pedro Perea, as the delegate to congress from New Mexico, will not allow any opportunities to benefit the territory and the people to escape his attention. A real representative at the nation's capital is needed at this time, and Mr. Perea is the man for that position.

When a political party which has advocated free trade and low prices for many decades suddenly professes great friendliness for protection, it is time to hang out the sign, "Look out for pickpockets." And the Democratic party in New Mexico is guilty of that very thing.

The nomination of Colonel Venecio Jaramillo, of El Rito, as a member of the house from Rio Arriba county by the Republicans is peculiarly gratifying from every standpoint. Colonel Jaramillo, although a young man, made a very excellent record during the last session as an honorable gentleman and careful and efficient legislator.

The failure of the United States to assume complete control of the Island of Cuba will be a disappointment to the people of this country. It may be that it is impossible to remove all the Spanish troops at this time, but the presence of a few Spaniards ought not to delay the accomplishment of the object of the war, the freeing of the Cubans from the oppression and cruelty of the government at Madrid.

Judging from recent reports, there seems to be an African in that Fashoda woodpile after all. England and France are preparing for an interesting time unless there is a change in the situation in the Upper Nile country soon. Well, the United States can supply food, clothing and other necessities, if trouble does come, at the lowest possible figures, a fact which Queen Victoria and President Faure do not want to overlook.

The government is in need of bright, honest young men who have a knowledge of the Spanish language to send to Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines as agents, interpreters and clerks. New Mexico ought to be able to supply the demand in that line without any trouble. In the territory are many young men who are fitted for just such positions, and they should not be backward in making their qualifications known to the different departments in Washington.

With a strong county ticket on the part of the Republicans of Santa Fe, that ticket, The Citizens' Property Owners' and tax payers understand that since January 1, 1897, they have had a clean, economical and efficient county government, administered by Republican officials. There is no necessity for a change, and there will be none. Quite the reverse. Every reason exists why the Republican party should be kept in power in Santa Fe county and it will be so kept.

He Will Be Elected.
(Roswell Register.)

It is to the interest of every citizen of the territory to send a Republican delegate to congress. For that reason, if there were not many other good ones, Pedro Perea will be elected.

E. A. Cahoon for Representative, 15th District.
(Roswell Register.)

The nomination of E. A. Cahoon for representative from the 15th legislative district by the Republican convention here last night will meet with the approval of every Republican and a majority of the business men in the district. Mr. Cahoon is not a politician; he is a level headed business man and has helped frame some of the most important bills that have been enacted into law by the territorial legislature. He will be elected.

Santiago Will Not Last Long Against Llewellyn.
(Lordsburg Liberal.)

After the Democrats found that Major Llewellyn, one of the heroes of the Spanish war, had been nominated as a candidate for the legislature they were in a quandary. They could not find a Rough Rider to run against him, but after a good deal of skimming they concluded that the best thing they could do was to nominate a man whose name suggested a reminiscence of the war in Cuba and so put the name of "Santiago" P. Ascarate on the ticket against Llewellyn. The Donna Ana county Santiago will last no longer in the contest against Llewellyn than did his namesake in Cuba when the Rough Riders went against it.

Sierra County's Republican Nominee for Representative.
(Socorro Chieftain.)

On Thursday last, the 16th inst., the Republicans of Socorro county nominated their legislative and county ticket. The names of the candidates will be found in another column. The nominee in whom the people of Socorro county are directly interested is Mr. F. H. Winston, of Fairview. The Republicans of Socorro county are to be congratulated in their wise selection. We doubt if there is a man in Sierra county that is more popular with the people in this county than Frank H. Winston, and we will prove the correctness of our assertion on the 8th of November next. Mr. Winston is well and favorably known in this county, especially in the western part of it. He is an old timer in the county, having come here about 1882. He has made Fairview his home and place of business, where he has the largest mercantile establishment in Sierra county. He also has a stock ranch in Socorro county. It would have been utterly impossible to have made a better choice for representative. His election by a big majority is unquestioned, no matter who his opponent may be.

Bankruptcy Law War Revenue Law

Copies of the two laws, published in separate pamphlets, with marginal and foot notes and exceptionally complete index, for sale at the NEW MEXICAN. Price: Bankruptcy law, 60 cents; revenue law, 25 cents.

BATTLE OF COCHITI

Additional Folios of the Celebrated De Vargas Manuscript on File in the Territorial Library.

CERTIFIED COPY PRINTED

Translation of An Account of Battle Between Spaniards and Pueblos As Related in the De Vargas Journals—Interesting Narrative.

It seems that some of the De Vargas Journals were translated in this city for presentation in evidence before the United States court of land claims in the suit of the city of Santa Fe against the government, February 11, 1893, for four square leagues of land including the city of Santa Fe, and it has been ascertained that the entire journal was printed and filed in the City of Mexico in 1894, in the general public archives at the Mexican capital. So, it will not be a difficult matter, if Doctor Cones cares to go to the trouble and expense, for him to make a trip to the City of Mexico and examine the certified copy kept there in case he is determined to reproduce what can not be gleaned from the ten crumbly pages in the mass which he has been given the privilege of examining.

As to the missing folios, it is believed in some quarters that part disappeared in 1870, when so many of the territorial public documents were deliberately torn and partly destroyed by Governor Pile. At that time precious historical papers were thrown right and left and given away to whomsoever might care to cart them off.

Again, valuable folios of the journal now alleged to have been in the hands of a private citizen of this city are claimed by him to have been returned to the territorial library; but there is a denial of this from the library, and the query is, where are they? The extra folios referred to, and some of which were used in court, account for the narrative printed on page 147, where the manuscript examined by Dr. Cones leaves off, up to page 274.

According to Special Agent Flipper, of the United States court of land claims, who has carefully examined considerable of the manuscript, J. D. Vargas at first came only a little north of Albuquerque, and then returned to El Paso, subsequently resuming his march north to this city. Portions of the entire narrative which were translated for court use as already noted give an account of the battle of Cochiti and are taken from the journals subsequent to the folio ending December 24, 1693.

The governor general was camped before Cochiti in April, 1694, with his forces, and had sent for a force of Indians to assist him in making the assault. His narrative then says:

The said friendly natives having arrived, the said governor and captain general starts to attack the mesa of the Cieneguilla and Pueblo of Cochiti.

On this day, Friday, at about 3 o'clock p. m., on the 16th day of the month of April of the date and year, the said friendly warriors, who have been detached from the Pueblo of Cia and San Felipe, I, the said governor and captain general, went with said forces to the attack of the revolted Queres and their pueblo being situated on the mesa of the Cieneguilla of Cochiti, and having traveled five leagues, as it seemed from the march, I stopped, for it was between 11 and 12 at night and the said mesa having appeared to view, and so that we might not be detached by the enemy, who, by the light of the fire that they keep burning, it is seen that they keep sentinels on the watch, and for the sake of waiting, and to change horses, the said force made a stop at the edge of a bluff and ravine, and that it may so appear I signed it, with my said secretary of government and war, D. DIEGO DE VARGAS ZAPATA LUDJAN PONCE DE LEON, (rubric)

Before me, ALPHONSO RUEL DE AGUILAR, (rubric)

Attack and war upon the mesa of the Cieneguilla of Cochiti made by the said governor and captain general with the said force [1694].

On the 17th day of the present month of April [1694] on the said date and year as the moon was coming up, at 2 o'clock in the morning, having waited until said hour, I, the governor and captain general, having consulted and conferred with the said chiefs and with the captain of the Queres, my compadre, Bartolome de Ojeda, about the roads leading up to the said mesa of the Cieneguilla of Cochiti, for the rebel Indians of the Queres nation and of the new Pueblo of Cochiti, had it all fortified with their intrenchments and moats, which they call traps, notwithstanding that it of itself is extremely steep and straight, and is all of rock, which renders it impracticable, and it was learned from the said Captain Bartolome de Ojeda that the said mesa had on its side a road leading up to it, which is the least road, for it is the one used by the Indians for driving their horses and their stock and is better adapted for the causing of great damage to the said mesa, because by that way it could be attacked from the rear, and the other road leading to it also, they had on the other side for the purposes of going down to El Embudo and to the spring from which they take their water supply. And having thus discussed the said three roads leading up to it the said Captain Bartolome de Ojeda asked me to furnish him with forty men of my said force and that he would go with 100 Indians to occupy that road, that they used for their cattle; in view of which I commanded the two field captains, Juan Olguin and Eusebio de Vargas, with 40 mounted troops, to proceed and make the assault, while at the same time the captain and Corporal Roque Madrid attacked by the principal road to the mesa, it having become necessary to divide the said force, leaving 100 men under the Adjutant Diego Varela to cut off the flight and retreat of the said enemy to the said river, as well as

for charging from that side, and the other portion of the troops with the horses. At the same time, I, the said governor and captain general, remained on the slope and road of the said mesa, so that if the enemy would rush that way or come down by that trail, as well as for the purpose of being ready to go to the aid of those already mentioned and to protect the horses and the baggage; and thus distributed, the siege was established and the assault was made, so that the enemy opened the flight, directing its attack and resistance to the said road, on which I, the said captain, was stationed with the war officers and brave soldiers responded to the attack by frequent discharges, advancing upon the mesa. At the same time the said two field captains and friendly allies cut off the enemy by the rear, which movement obliged the enemy to turn to the said three corners and roads thus attacked, and this made those who had come to them as allies from the neighborhood to waver, and these, not waiting for the onset to be cut to pieces and killed on the mesa, took to flight by various trails and through the shrubbery. The said rocks and the rocky pass protected them, and the enemy perceiving the abandonment and desertion of said people, also tried to retreat and fall back, discharging at the same time their missiles upon the assailants. These discharges our people received on their shields, and having become masters of the town and pueblo and mesa, some took possession of the houses and intrenchments through the port holes of which the said rebels had wounded four of our men, although the wounds are not fatal; and lastly at the said plaza, I, having gone up with the rest of the command, and with the attendance of my secretary of government and war, brought together the prisoners and the crowd and people, which I have counted, and the number reaches up to 242 prisoners, and likewise, 13 gaudules. These, as soon as they had been absorbed by the two reverend missionary fathers and chaplains who have come with the said force, I ordered to be shot. Then likewise, there having died seven of them in the fight, plus ones more who was burned alive, the allies having set fire to a house without waiting to demolish the basement wall of the same whether the said Indian had taken refuge, and so the dead and executed amounted to 21. Seventy horses were taken from them, the burros having been returned to the owners to whom they belonged, and the remainder of them for whom no owners appeared, were seized by our allies. Likewise did they seize the clothing and those articles that could be sacked and pillaged from the said houses and people, and likewise more than 900 heads of sheep were gathered, which had belonged to the said enemy. Four hundred of them were the property of the inhabitants of this realm, who are now in the villa of Santa Fe, which (sheep) at the time of entering into the country and at the Pueblo of Santo Domingo were given and paid them as a reward for their labor and time spent in winter quarters, for the purpose of scouring them better, and being upon the said mesa and place, it being well known to me that the said delivery (of the sheep) had been made to the said captains, I, with the attendance of the illustrious Cabildo and with that of my secretary of government and war, ordered that the 400 heads of sheep should be turned to those owners of them who happened to be present, having come to this pacification, and that those themselves may turn their share to those who have remained in the said villa, and they all thanking me, obeyed the command. And the ones and the others and the said allies having taken their meal, asked me to order that the said sheep be fed, and I ordered the said chiefs to perform that duty as well as that care and moderation should be exercised, which is an impossible thing because the said war produces that looseness which is general and customary everywhere. And hence I do not neglect to keep a certain portion thereof, and to that end I have ordered it to be set apart under care of the guards until I shall give the order on the following day, the only apprehension being for the said prisoners and our said allies friends and their baggage.

Specifications Asked.
Katharine, you will always find me an indulgent husband.
Do you mean indulgent to me or indulgent to yourself.—Chicago Record.

Crippled by Rheumatism.

Those who have Rheumatism find themselves growing steadily worse all the while. One reason of this is that the remedies prescribed by the doctors contain mercury and potash, which ultimately intensify the disease by causing the joints to swell and stiffen, producing a severe curbing of the bones. S. S. S. has been curing Rheumatism for twenty years—even the worst cases which seemed almost incurable.

Capt. O. E. Hughes, the popular railroad conductor, of Columbia, S. C., had an experience with Rheumatism which convinced him that there is only one cure for that painful disease. He says: "I was a great sufferer from muscular Rheumatism for two years. I could get no permanent relief from any medicine prescribed by my physician. I took about a dozen bottles of your S. S. S. and now I am as well as I ever was in my life. I am sure that your medicine cured me, and I would recommend it to any one suffering from any blood disease."

Everybody knows that Rheumatism is a diseased state of the blood, and only a blood remedy is the only proper treatment, but a remedy containing potash and mercury only aggravates the trouble.

S.S.S. For the Blood

being Purely Vegetable, goes direct to the very cause of the disease and a permanent cure always results. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury or other dangerous minerals.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

FOR SALE—Appearance bonds, appeal bonds, official bonds, and bonds to keep the peace at the New Mexican Printing Company's office.

FOR SALE—Justices of the peace blanks in English and Spanish at the New Mexican Printing Co.

FOR SALE—Blank mortgages of all descriptions at the New Mexican Printing Co.

HOTEL WELLINGTON

American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and Upward. First Class Restaurant and Cafe.

American Plan, \$3.00 per day and Upward. Transient and Permanent Guests.

L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

The DAILY NEW MEXICAN will be found on file at the Hotel Wellington.

When in Silver City, Stop at the Best Hotel.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, Secy.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convention second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, Secy.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, E. T. Regular convocations fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers welcome. S. L. KIRBY, N. G.

W. H. STEVENS, Recording secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular convocations second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P.

A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, N. G.

ATLAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F., meet every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. W. J. TAYLOR, N. G.

W. H. WOODWARD, Secretary.

K. O. F.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F., Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Chancery Commander.

LEE MUEHLSTEIN, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNABE, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 77, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

F. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. BENSHAN, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts. Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 8 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE.

S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life and accident insurance.

DENTISTS.

D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE—Appearance bonds, appeal bonds, official bonds, and bonds to keep the peace at the New Mexican Printing Company's office.

FOR SALE—Justices of the peace blanks in English and Spanish at the New Mexican Printing Co.

FOR SALE—Blank mortgages of all descriptions at the New Mexican Printing Co.

The Timmer House

SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Special rates by the week.

SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

When in Silver City, Stop at the Best Hotel.

FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, Secy.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convention second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, Secy.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, E. T. Regular convocations fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers welcome. S. L. KIRBY, N. G.

W. H. STEVENS, Recording secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular convocations second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P.

A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.